

Your local contact

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Status	Implemented
Name of National Law	Information Security Act (Zakon o informacijski varnosti (ZInfV-1))
Entered into force	19 June 2025
Link to current draft or equivalent	https://pisrs.si/pregledPredpisa?id=ZAKO8934
Scope (deviating from NIS-2-Directive)	(Additional) categories of entities in scope: essential entities, important entities include public administration entities engaged in national security, public safety, defense, or law enforcement activities.
Registration	All regulated entities need to submit their data to the Government Information Security Office through a self-registration within 6 months of Information Security Act enactment, establishing the deadline on 19 December 2025.
Information Security Standards referenced	Entities within scope are obligated to ensure the compliant implementation of information security measures to the greatest possible extent and in accordance with the best available practices. They must follow the recommendations and guidelines of the ENISA agency by utilizing European and international standards and technical specifications addressing the security of network and information systems. The Government Information Security Office publishes relevant information regarding European and international standards and technical specifications that address the security of network and information systems and raises awareness.
Incident reporting	All regulated entities must report significant security incidents to the Government Information Security Office. It is also possible to voluntarily report incidents, cyber threats, and near-miss incidents, along with the submission of relevant information by entities in scope.
Authority / CSIRT	Government Information Security Office (Urad Vlade Republike Slovenije za informacijsko varnost)
Fines (deviating from NIS-2-Directive)	 Violations by essential entities: Fines up to EUR 10.000.000 or 0.5–2% of the total annual turnover for a legal entity, and fines up to EUR 10.000 for the responsible natural person. Violations by important entities: Fines up to EUR 7.000.000 or 0.3–1.4% of the total annual turnover for a legal entity, and fines up to EUR 7.000 for the responsible natural person. Violations by operators of central information and communication systems: Fines up to EUR 2.000. Infractions for violations of Regulation (EU) 2019/881: Fines up to EUR 50.000 for a legal entity and fines up to EUR 5.000 for the responsible natural person.
Worth mentioning	The Information Security Act provides a more detailed enumeration of entities that fall under any of the high-critical and other critical sectors, specifying Slovenian laws and regulations that govern individual sectors (Annexes I and II to the Information Security Act). It also explicitly lists which entities are part of the public administration and specifies other public administration entities (as indicated in Annex III to the Information Security Act).