

Your local contact

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Status	Draft
Name of National Law	Network and Information System Security Act 2024 (NISG)
Entered into force	Expected 2025
Link to current draft or equivalent	https://www.parlament.gv.at/dokument/XXVII/ME/326/fname_1621118.pdf
Scope (deviating from NIS-2-Directive)	(Additional) categories of entities in scope: Critical infrastructure, important entities, essential entities, entities identified by national cyber security authorities.
Registration	Essential and important entities and DNS service providers need to register at the cyber security authority (Cybersicherheitsbehörde) within 3 months of being a regulated entity.
Information Security Standards referenced	There are currently no specific details. However, in terms of risk management measures, reference is made to the "state of the art," relevant standards, and "best practices" (§ 27 (2) (1) (a)). Therefore, ISO standards should presumably be applied.
Incident reporting	Very important and important entities must report to the responsible CSIRT, otherwise the national CSIRT.
Authority / CSIRT	Cyber Security Authority (Cybersicherheitsbehörde)
Fines (deviating from NIS-2-Directive)	 Fines up to EUR 10.000.000 or up to 2% of worldwide turnover (reporting obligations) depending on classification of entity; fines up to EUR 100.000 (notification requirements).
Worth mentioning	Regulatory authorities can define stricter requirements for measures to maintain the security of networks and services.